

# Quality of Life in Flanders: a Comparative Study Using Twitter and Survey Data

Statistics Flanders  
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Nadège Ferket  
Sarah Vranken

# Overview

1. Problem setting
2. Related work
3. Methodology
4. Results
5. Discussion and Conclusion

# 1. Problem setting

# Importance of research

## Survey data:



- Costly
- Time-consuming
- Declining response rate / response burden
- Subject to bias
- Difficult to capture respondents for rare events

## Social media data:






- Non-intrusive psychological assessments
- Measure change in public opinion
- Measure issue salience
- Map real-time well-being of a nation
- Eliminates social desirability bias

BUT: Not considered an official indicator

# Subjective Well-Being (SWB)

= description of life satisfaction in QoL-research

Subjective Well-Being	
Cognitive valuation of life	Affective valuation of life
Overall evaluation of life: How things are these days	Mood, emotion and feeling: How you feel today

- Personal well-being 
- Social well-being 
- Well-being at work 

## 2. Related work

# Related work and position of our research

## Social media data as a replacement of surveys

- (Li et al., 2014) Subjective Well-Being measured through Sina Weibo (Chinese Twitter equivalent)
- (Cao et al., 2018) Public happiness and well-being measured through Twitter

## Social media data in addition to surveys

- (Zivanovic et al., 2020) Quality of Life in Bristol, United Kingdom
- (Zhang et al., 2022) Public opinion on social distancing in the Netherlands

# Related work and position of our research

## Social media data as a replacement of surveys

- (Li et al., 2014) Subjective Well-Being measured through Sina Weibo (Chinese) and Twitter equivalent
- (Cao et al., 2015) Subjective well-being measured through Weibo

## Social media data in addition to surveys

- (Zivanovic et al., 2020) Quality of Life in Bristol, United Kingdom

## Our research

- Insights for national statistics bureaus
- Handling difficulties when working with social media data
- First TSA research on the Quality of Life of the Flemish population
- Sentiment analysis for the Flemish language



# 3. Methodology



# Data Collection and Classification

## Data collection: Full-Archive Search API

- Twitter corpus: 153 771 Flemish tweets
  - 10-15 keywords per SWB domain
  - Timeframe: 2014-2018
  - Language: Dutch
  - Geolocation: Belgium

## Data classification: 'vlaams-twitter-sentiment-model'

- Developed by Statistics Flanders
- RobBERT model

# Subjective Well-Being Index

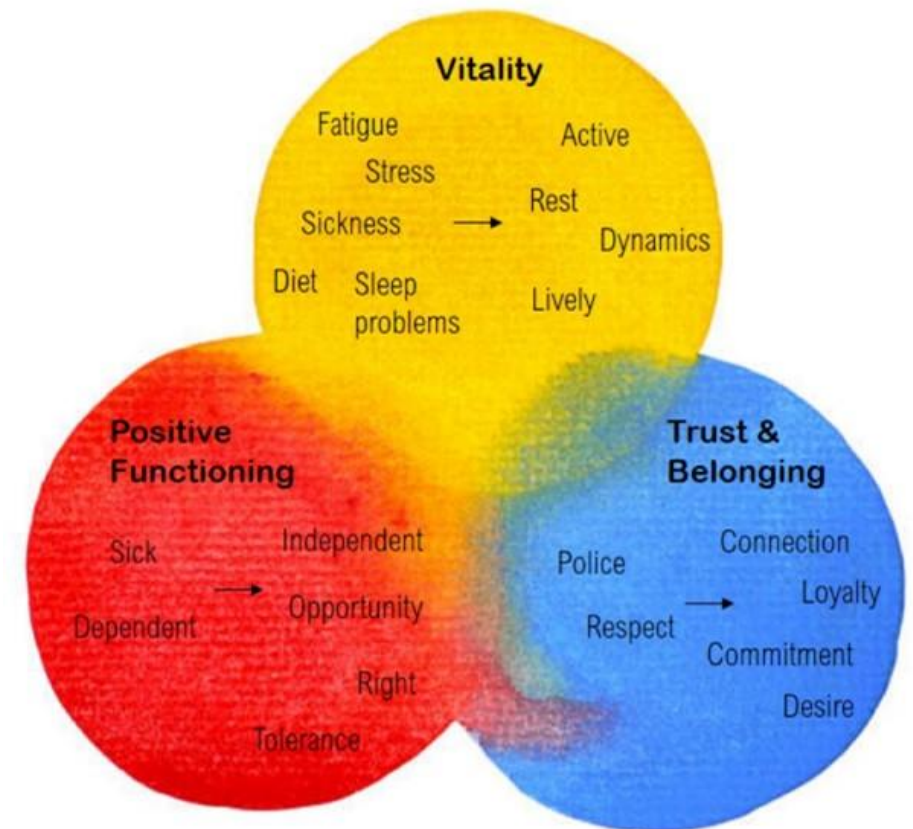
$$emo_{tr} = \frac{\%positive}{\%positive + \%negative} \in [0,1] \quad \forall \text{ year, region, SWB domain}$$

→ Spatial + Temporal conclusions

>>>Positive	>Positive	>>Negative
Emotional well-being	Resilience and self-esteem	Vitality
Satisfying life	Relationships	Positive functioning
	Quality of Job	Trust and belonging

# Selection bias

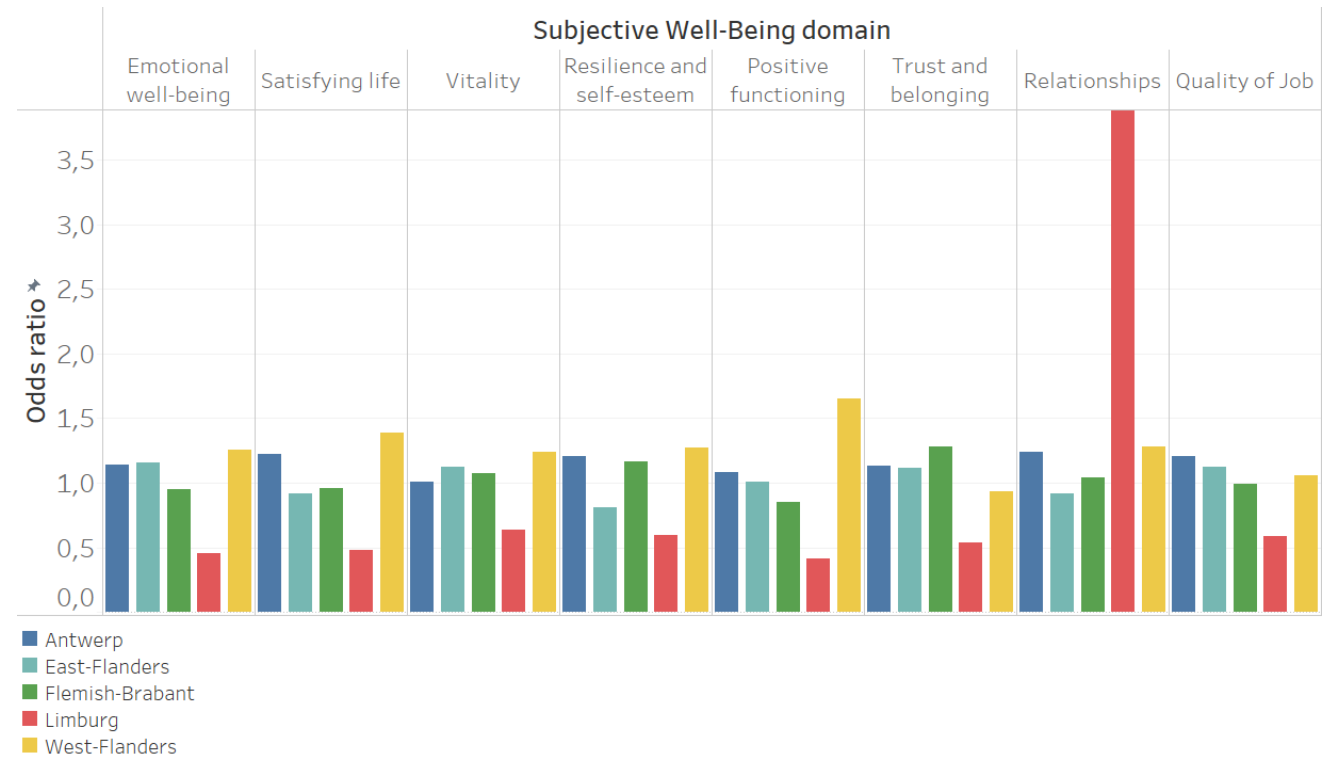
- Selection-on-outcome bias
- Negativity bias
- **Keyword bias (NEW)**
  - Negatively connoted → Positively connoted words



# Sampling bias

- **Demographic bias: location**

$$Oddsratio = \frac{T_{rd}/T_d}{P_r/P_{tot}}$$



# Migration bias

- **Modal tweet method**
  - Location history of 442 users

→ Types of mobility:



*Student*



*Commuter*



*Beach-Visitor*



*Foreigner*

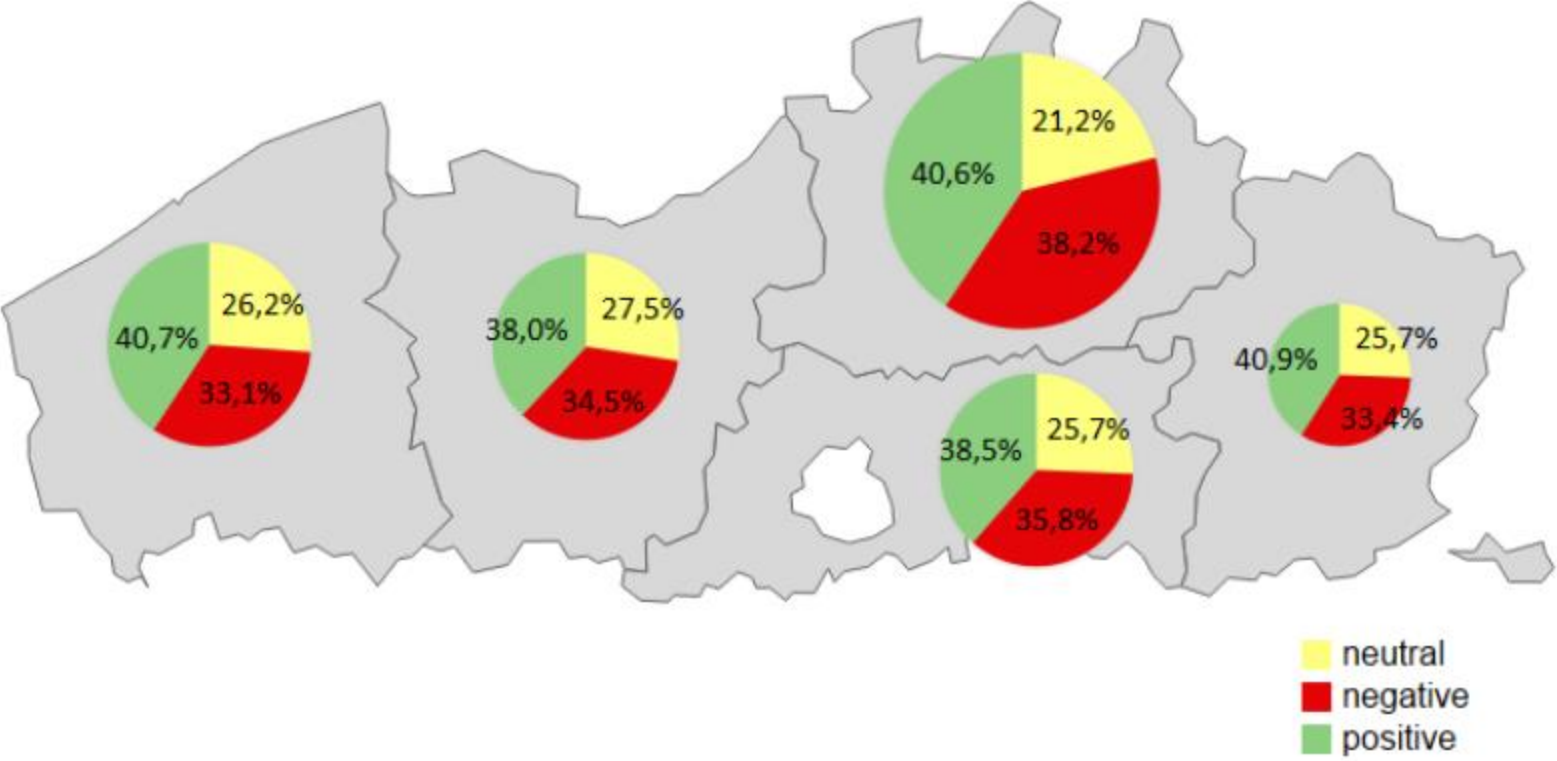


*Remaining User*

# 4. Results



# Results



# Twitter data compared to SCV survey

Wilcoxon signed rank test:

## Subjective Well-Being domain

*Emotional well-being*

*Vitality*

*Satisfying life*

*Resilience and self-esteem*

*Positive functioning*

*Trust and belonging*

*Relationships*

*Quality of job*

## Topic SCV-survey

*Zich zorgen maken*

*Actieve en passieve sportparticipatie*

*Algemene tevredenheid*

*Solidariteit en eigenbelang*

*Frequentie sociale contacten*

*Algemeen vertrouwen*

*Beoordeling sociale contacten*

*Tevredenheid met werk*

# Twitter data compared to OECD survey



Life satisfaction Belgium 6.8/10

Cross-country comparison

More fine-grained insights:

- Quality of Job 😊 Limburg, increasing over years
- Relationships 😊 Limburg and West-Flanders

# 5. Discussion and Conclusion

# Limitations and Future research

## Limitations

- Limited size of Twitter corpus
- Timeframe 2014-2018 due to change of methodology by Statistics Flanders

## Future research

- Design a fixed, balanced dictionary in collaboration with QoL experts and psychologists
- Integrate mitigation proposals in future QoL research
- Exclude 'power users'

# Conclusion

- Novel research, familiarizing national statistics bureaus with using Twitter data in QoL research
- Twitter data can be used as a complement to survey data, not as a proxy



# Questions?

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